

Schrödinger Operators with Random and Almost Periodic Potentials

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Schrödinger operators and their discrete analogs were discussed especially in one space dimension. These operators were of the form

$$H = H_0 + V$$

where V is the sample function of an ergodic process. Examples include almost periodic functions and random processes. A particularly simple random example occurs in the discrete case where one can take V to be independent, identically distributed random variables with distribution dk . This is known as the Anderson model. Among the topics discussed were:

1. The basic objects of the theory including the integrated density of states, $k(E)$, the transfer matrix and the Lyapunov exponent, $\gamma(E)$. The Thouless formula

$$\gamma(E) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \ln |E - E'| dk(E')$$

relates them.

2. Localization for the Anderson model in one dimension, that is the tendency for this model to have dense point spectrum with exponentially decaying eigenfunctions. We followed the approach of Kotani, Delyon, Levy, Souillard, Simon and Wolff.

3. Kotani theory, that is, a set of ideas relating the m function of Weyl theory, the Lyapunov exponent and the absolutely continuous spectrum. Two results of this theory are that $(E| \gamma(E) = 0)$ is the essential support of the absolutely continuous spectrum, and that this set is empty if the process is deterministic.

4. The Maryland model, that is, the discrete Schrödinger operator with potential

$$V(n) = \lambda \tan(\pi \alpha n + \theta)$$

This model has a computable density of states and spectral properties which depend on the Diophantine properties of α . In particular, one can find Hamiltonians with identical densities of states so that one has pure point spectrum and the other purely singular continuous spectrum.

References

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